

Energie und Umwelt – Meine Idee für morgen

Model Predictive Control Strategies for Power to Heat of Buildings



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ENERGY
LAB 2.0



KIT – Die Forschungsuniversität in der Helmholtz-Gemeinschaft

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Motivation

■ EU Green Deal

- first climate neutral continent by 2050
- target: net-zero greenhouse gas emissions (GHE)
- more than 75% of GHE result from energy production and use
- building sector: 40% of consumed energy

■ Demand for research in energy and buildings

- buildings' energy demand: mostly heat
- energy-efficient heat generation: heat pump
- possibility for intelligent sector coupling (Power to Heat "P2H") and control strategies



■ Heat pumps can benefit the power grid

- stabilize the power grid frequency by following a power demand signal (match electricity generation)
- importance for grid stabilization: ongoing integration of volatile, renewable energy sources (wind, solar)
- service quality depends on heat pump's available capacity to store energy



■ Utilize buildings as thermal energy storage

- cost-efficient alternative to typical storages like water tanks or batteries
- identification of this usually unused capacity: dynamic thermal building model



Model

Lumped Capacitance Model

$$C_i \frac{dT_i}{dt} = \sum_j \dot{Q}_{i,j} + \sum_k \dot{Q}_{i,k}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{i,k} = \frac{T_k - T_i}{R_{i,k}}$$

State-Space notation of LTI system

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(t) + \mathbf{B}_u u(t) + \mathbf{B}_{z_m} \mathbf{z}_m(t)$$

$$y(t) = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{x}(t)$$

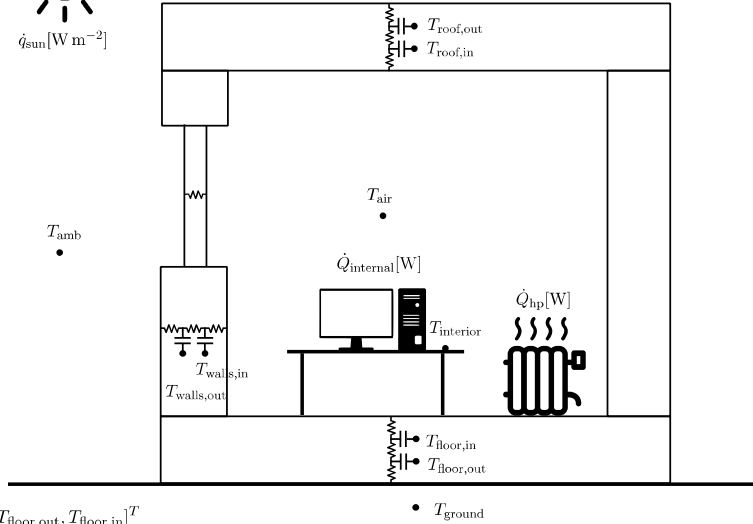
$$\mathbf{x}(0) = \mathbf{x}_0$$

$$u = \dot{Q}_{hp}$$

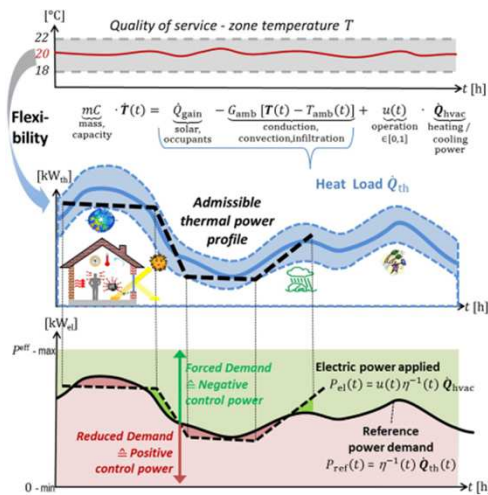
$$\mathbf{z}_m = [\dot{q}_{sun}, \dot{Q}_{internal}, T_{amb}, T_{ground}]^T$$

$$y = T_{air}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = [T_{air}, T_{interior}, T_{walls,out}, T_{walls,in}, T_{roof,out}, T_{roof,in}, T_{floor,out}, T_{floor,in}]^T$$



Control



Model Predictive Control

- minimize the input u in a cost functional l
- cost factors w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4 weigh up the various optimization goals:
 - follow reference temperature signal y_r
 - reduce energy consumption u
 - reduce energy costs (p : energy price function)
 - follow reference power signal u_r

$$\min_{u(t)} \sum_{k=t}^{N-1} l(k, y(k|t), u(k|t))$$

$$\mathbf{x}(k+1|t) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(k|t) + \mathbf{B}_u u(k|t) + \mathbf{B}_{z_m} \mathbf{z}_m(k|t)$$

$$y(k|t) = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{x}(k|t)$$

$$l(k, y, u) = w_1(y_r - y)^T (y_r - y) + w_2 u^T u + w_3 p(k)^T u + w_4 (u_r - u)^T (u_r - u)$$

Literature

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